

Testimony in OPPOSITION to H-5403, Repealing the Corporate Minimum Tax House Finance Committee May 6, 2025

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The Economic Progress Institute **opposes H-5403** which would repeal Rhode Island's corporate minimum tax.

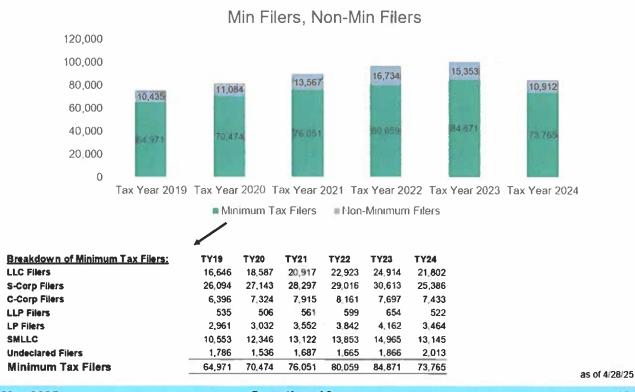
Repealing the corporate minimum tax would cost the state over \$30 million in revenue each year, a major revenue loss at this time.

Although it may be the case that \$400 per year could benefit the smallest Rhode Island micro business owners, repealing the corporate minimum would affect a much larger group. To start, in Tax Year 2023, **84.7% of corporate filers paid only the minimum**, and the rate is 87.1% so far for Tax Year 2024. As Division of Taxation testimony provided to the May 2025 Revenue Estimating Conference shows, most Rhode Island businesses pay only the minimum:¹



Business Corporation Tax Filers





May 2025 Question 19 45



Furthermore, the Division of Taxation's Statistics of Income Report for Tax Year 2019 (the most recent such report available) shows that **thousands of corporations paying the minimum have gross receipts in the millions of dollars**:²

Corporations Tax - Statistics of	
Total Gross Receipts	Number of Returns
Under \$25,000	34,362
\$25,000 - \$99,999	4,218
100,000 - \$249,999	3.834
250,000 - \$499,999	3,107
500,000 - \$999,999	2,913
\$1,000,000 - \$2,499,999	3,236
2,500,000 - \$4,999,999	2,278
5,000,000 - \$9,999,999	2,453
\$10,000,000 and over	11,151
otal	67.552
	07,332
Rhode Island Gross Receipts	Number of Returns
Rhode Island Gross Receipts Under \$25,000	
Inder \$25,000	Number of Returns
Under \$25,000 25,000 - \$99,999	Number of Returns 43,656
Under \$25,000 \$25,000 - \$99,999 \$100,000 - \$249,999	Number of Returns 43,656 6,348
Under \$25,000 \$25,000 - \$99,999 \$100,000 - \$249,999 \$250,000 - \$499,999	Number of Returns 43,656 6,348 5,143
	Number of Returns 43,656 6,348 5,143 3,829
Under \$25,000 \$25,000 - \$99,999 \$100,000 - \$249,999 \$250,000 - \$499,999 \$500,000 - \$749,999	Number of Returns 43,656 6,348 5,143 3,829 1,964
Ander \$25,000 625,000 - \$99,999 100,000 - \$249,999 250,000 - \$499,999 500,000 - \$749,999 1750,000 - \$999,999 11,000,000 - \$2,499,999 2,500,000 - \$4,999,999	Number of Returns 43,656 6,348 5,143 3,829 1,964 1,217
Sunder \$25,000 \$25,000 - \$99,999 \$100,000 - \$249,999 \$250,000 - \$499,999 \$500,000 - \$749,999 \$750,000 - \$999,999 \$1,000,000 - \$2,499,999 \$2,500,000 - \$4,999,999	Number of Returns 43,656 6,348 5,143 3,829 1,964 1,217 2,775
7nder \$25,000 25,000 - \$99,999 100,000 - \$249,999 250,000 - \$499,999 500,000 - \$749,999 750,000 - \$999,999 1,000,000 - \$2,499,999 2,500,000 - \$4,999,999	Number of Returns 43,656 6,348 5,143 3,829 1,964 1,217 2,775 1,181

For such corporations, \$400 each year hardly seems a burden that will make any major difference in operations. While \$400 may relieve some stress at the margins, such a tax cut on any one individual business will not result, for example, in hiring even a single new employee. For these reasons, we urge you not to advance this proposal to the full House.

https://www.rilegislature.gov/Special/rcc/REC202505/Division%20of%20Taxation%20May%202025%20REC%205.5,25,pdf,

https://tax.ri.gov/sites/g/files/xkgbur541/files/2023-02/2019%20Corp%20SOI%20All.pdf.